SafeNet Authentication Service
Integration Guide

Using LDAP and RADIUS Protocol for Cisco ASA
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Third-Party Software Acknowledgement

This document is intended to help users of SafeNet products when working with third-party software, such as Cisco ASA.

Material from third-party software is being used solely for the purpose of making instructions clear. Screen images and content obtained from third-party software will be acknowledged as such.

Description

SafeNet Authentication Service delivers a fully automated, versatile, and strong authentication-as-a-service solution.

With no infrastructure required, SafeNet Authentication Service provides smooth management processes and highly flexible security policies, token choice, and integration APIs.

Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) is a security device that combines firewall, antivirus, intrusion prevention, and virtual private network (VPN) capabilities. It provides a proactive threat defense to stop attacks before they spread through the network.

This document describes how to:

- Deploy multi-factor authentication (MFA) options in Cisco ASA using SafeNet one-time password (OTP) authenticators managed by SafeNet Authentication Service.
- Configure Cisco ASA to work with SafeNet Authentication Service in RADIUS mode.

It is assumed that the Cisco ASA environment is already configured and working with static passwords prior to implementing multi-factor authentication using SafeNet Authentication Service.

Cisco ASA can be configured to support multi-factor authentication in several modes. The RADIUS protocol will be used for the purpose of working with SafeNet Authentication Service.

Applicability

The information in this document applies to:

- **SafeNet Authentication Service (SAS)**—SafeNet’s cloud-based authentication service.
- **SafeNet Authentication Service – Service Provider Edition (SAS-SPE)**—A server version that is used by Service Providers to deploy instances of SafeNet Authentication Service.
- **SafeNet Authentication Service – Private Cloud Edition (SAS-PCE)**—A server version that is used to deploy the solution on-premises in the organization.
Environment

The integration environment that was used in this document is based on the following software versions:

- **SafeNet Authentication Service (SAS)**
- **Cisco ASA**—Version 9.2(2)4
- **Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM)**—Version 7.3(1)101
- **Cisco Secure Mobility Client**—Version 3.1.04072
- **SafeNet VPN Client for Cisco AnyConnect**—Version 3.1.04072

Audience

This document is targeted to system administrators who are familiar with Cisco ASA, and are interested in adding multi-factor authentication capabilities using SafeNet Authentication Service.

RADIUS-based Authentication using SAS Cloud

SAS Cloud provides two RADIUS mode topologies:

- **SAS cloud hosted RADIUS service**—A RADIUS service that is already implemented in the SAS cloud environment and can be used without any installation or configuration requirements.

- **Local RADIUS hosted on-premises**—A RADIUS agent that is implemented in the existing customer’s RADIUS environment. The agent forwards the RADIUS authentication requests to the SAS cloud environment. The RADIUS agent can be implemented on a Microsoft NPS/IAS or FreeRADIUS server.

This document demonstrates the solution using the SAS cloud hosted RADIUS service.
For more information on how to install and configure SAS Agent for IAS/NPS, refer to:

For more details on how to install and configure FreeRADIUS, refer to the SafeNet Authentication Service FreeRADIUS Agent Configuration Guide.

### RADIUS-based Authentication using SAS-SPE and SAS-PCE

For both on-premises versions, SAS can be integrated with the following solutions that serve as local RADIUS servers:

- **Microsoft Network Policy Server (MS-NPS) or the legacy Microsoft Internet Authentication Service (MS-IAS)**—SafeNet Authentication Service is integrated with the local RADIUS servers using a special on-premises agent called SAS Agent for Microsoft IAS and NPS.
  
  For more information on how to install and configure the SAS Agent for Microsoft IAS and NPS, refer to the following document:

- **FreeRADIUS**—The SAS FreeRADIUS Agent is a strong authentication agent that is able to communicate with SAS through the RADIUS protocol.
  
  For more information on how to install and configure the SAS FreeRADIUS Agent, refer to the SafeNet Support Portal.

### RADIUS Authentication Flow using SAS

SafeNet Authentication Service communicates with a large number of VPN and access-gateway solutions using the RADIUS protocol.

The image below describes the data flow of a multi-factor authentication transaction for Cisco ASA.

1. A user attempts to log on to Cisco ASA using an Active Directory password and OTP.
2. Cisco ASA sends the LDAP request with the user's Active Directory credentials to the LDAP server, that is, Microsoft Active Directory.
3. If successfully authenticated, Cisco ASA will send a RADIUS request to SafeNet Authentication Service for validation. Otherwise, the user will not be granted access.
4. The SAS authentication reply is sent back to Cisco ASA.
5. The user is granted or denied access to Cisco ASA based on the OTP value calculation results from SAS.
RADIUS Prerequisites

To enable SafeNet Authentication Service to receive RADIUS requests from Cisco ASA, ensure the following:

- End users can authenticate from the Cisco ASA environment with a static password before configuring the Cisco ASA to use RADIUS authentication.
- Ports 1812/1813 are open to and from Cisco ASA.
- A shared secret key has been selected. A shared secret key provides an added layer of security by supplying an indirect reference to a shared secret key. It is used by a mutual agreement between the RADIUS server and RADIUS client for encryption, decryption, and digital signatures.

Configuring SafeNet Authentication Service

The deployment of multi-factor authentication using SAS with Cisco ASA using RADIUS protocol requires the following:

- Creating Users Stores in SAS, page 7
- Assigning an Authenticator in SAS, page 8
- Adding Cisco ASA as an Authentication Node in SAS, page 9
- Checking the SAS RADIUS Server’s IP Address, page 11

Creating Users Stores in SAS

Before SAS can authenticate any user in your organization, you must create a user store in SAS that reflects the users that would need to use multi-factor authentication. User records are created in the SAS user store using one of the following methods:

- Manually, one user at a time, using the Create User shortcut
- Manually, by importing one or more user records via a flat file
- Automatically, by synchronizing with your Active Directory / LDAP server using the SAS Synchronization Agent

For additional details on importing users to SafeNet Authentication Service, refer to “Creating Users” in the SafeNet Authentication Service Subscriber Account Operator Guide:


All SafeNet Authentication Service documentation can be found on the SafeNet Knowledge Base site.
Assigning an Authenticator in SAS

SAS supports a number of authentication methods that can be used as a second authentication factor for users who are authenticating through Cisco ASA.

The following authenticators are supported:

- eToken PASS
- RB-1 Keypad Token
- KT-4 Token
- SafeNet GOLD
- SMS Token
- MP-1 Software Token
- MobilePASS

Authenticators can be assigned to users in two ways:

- **Manual provisioning**—Assign an authenticator to users one at a time.
- **Provisioning rules**—The administrator can set provisioning rules in SAS so that the rules will be triggered when group memberships and other user attributes change. An authenticator will be assigned automatically to the user.

Refer to “Provisioning Rules” in the *SafeNet Authentication Service Subscriber Account Operator Guide* to learn how to provision the different authentication methods to the users in the SAS user store.

Adding Cisco ASA as an Authentication Node in SAS

Add a RADIUS entry in the SAS Auth Nodes module to prepare it to receive RADIUS authentication requests from Cisco ASA. You will need the IP address of Cisco ASA and the shared secret to be used by both SAS and Cisco ASA.

1. Log in to the SAS console with an Operator account.

2. Click the COMMS tab, and then select Auth Nodes.

3. In the Auth Nodes module, click the Auth Nodes link.
4. Under **Auth Nodes**, click **Add**.

5. In the **Add Auth Nodes** section, complete the following fields, and then click **Save**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agent Description</strong></td>
<td>Enter a host description.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Host Name</strong></td>
<td>Enter the name of the host that will authenticate with SAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Low IP Address In Range</strong></td>
<td>Enter the IP address of the host, or the lowest IP address in a range of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>addresses that will authenticate with SAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>**Configure FreeRADIUS</td>
<td>Select this option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Synchronization</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Shared Secret</strong></td>
<td>Enter the shared secret key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Confirm Shared Secret</strong></td>
<td>Re-enter the shared secret key.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The authentication node is added to the system.
Checking the SAS RADIUS Server’s IP Address

Before adding SAS as a RADIUS server in Cisco ASA, check the IP address. The IP address will then be added to Cisco ASA as a RADIUS server at a later stage.

1. Log in to the SAS console with an Operator account.

2. Click the COMMS tab, and then select Auth Nodes.

3. In the Auth Nodes module, click the Auth Nodes link. The SAS RADIUS server details are displayed.

Using the RADIUS protocol over the internet provides limited security of the traffic between the organization’s data center and the authentication service. For improved security and for alternatives to RADIUS traffic, please refer to the recommendations included in the SafeNet Authentication Service Administration guide.

Primary RADIUS Server IP: 109.73.120.148:1812
Failover RADIUS Server IP: 69.20.230.201:1812

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Host Name</th>
<th>IP Address</th>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>FreeRadius Syncronization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cisco ASA</td>
<td>Cisco ASA</td>
<td>202.122.124.137</td>
<td>True</td>
<td>2FA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuring Cisco ASA

For this integration, Cisco ASA is used for the SSL VPN connection.

To configure Cisco ASA for two-step and multi-factor authentication requires the following:

- Creating AAA Server Groups, page 12
- Adding an IP Address Pool, page 18
- Adding a Group Policy, page 20
- Configuring a Connection Profile for Network (Client) Access, page 22
- Configuring a Connection Profile for Clientless SSL VPN Access, page 26
- Configuring a Connection Profile for Clientless SSL VPN Access for GrIDsure, page 31

Creating AAA Server Groups

To use an external AAA server, you must first create at least one AAA server group per AAA protocol, and add one or more servers to each group. AAA server groups are identified by name. Each server group is associated with only one type of server, such as Kerberos, LDAP, NT, RADIUS, SDI, or TACACS+.

For this integration, we will use LDAP and RADIUS external AAA servers for authentication.

You will need to create two server groups—for example, adgroup and radiusgroup—and adgroup must be configured with the external LDAP server using LDAP protocol, and radiusgroup must be configured with the external RADIUS server using RADIUS protocol.

Creating the LDAP-enabled AAA Server Group and its Servers

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click Configuration.
3. In the left pane, click the Remote Access VPN tab, and then click AAA/Local Users > AAA Server Groups.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
4. In the right pane, under the **AAA Server Groups** section, click **Add**.

5. On the **Add AAA Server Group** window, complete the following fields, and then click **OK**. This newly created AAA server group will be added to the list under the **AAA Server Group** section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AAA Server Group</th>
<th>Enter a server group name (for example, adgroup).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protocol</td>
<td>Select LDAP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
6. On the main window, in the right pane, under the **AAA Server Groups** section, select the newly created server group (for example *adgroup*).

![Configuration > Remote Access VPN > AAA Local Users > AAA Server Groups](image)

*(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

7. Under the **Servers in the Selected Group** section, click **Add**.

![Servers in the Selected Group](image)

*(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

8. On the **Add AAA Server** window, complete the following fields, and then click **OK**. This newly created AAA server will be added to the list under the **Servers in the Selected Group** section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Interface Name</strong></th>
<th>Select an appropriate interface that Cisco ASA uses in order to reach the LDAP server.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Server Name or IP Address</strong></td>
<td>Enter the IP address of the LDAP server that Cisco ASA uses in order to reach the LDAP server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Base DN</strong></td>
<td>Enter the location in the LDAP hierarchy where the server must begin to search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Naming Attribute(s)</strong></td>
<td>Enter the Relative Distinguished Name attribute(s) that uniquely identifies an entry on the LDAP server. <strong>sAMAccountName</strong> is the default attribute in the Microsoft Active Directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Login DN</strong></td>
<td>Enter the Distinguished Name with enough privileges in order to be able to search users in the LDAP server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Login Password</strong></td>
<td>Enter the password for the Distinguished Name account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. Click **Apply**.

**Creating the RADIUS-enabled AAA Server Group and its Servers**

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click **Configuration**.
3. In the left pane, click the **Remote Access VPN** tab, and then click **AAA/Local Users > AAA Server Groups**.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
4. In the right pane, under the **AAA Server Groups** section, click **Add**.

![Configuration > Remote Access VPN > AAA/Local Users > AAA Server Groups](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

5. On the **Add AAA Server Group** window, complete the following fields, and then click **OK**. This newly created AAA server group will be added to the list under the **AAA Server Group** section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AAA Server Group</th>
<th>Enter a server group name (for example, radiusgroup).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protocol</td>
<td>Select RADIUS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Add AAA Server Group](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
6. On the main window, in the right pane, under the **AAA Server Groups** section, select the newly created server group (for example, **radiusgroup**).

![Configuration > Remote Access VPN > AAA/Local Users > AAA Server Groups](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

7. Under the **Servers in the Selected Group** section, click **Add**.

![Servers in the Selected Group](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

8. On the **Add AAA Server** window, complete the following fields, and then click **OK**. This newly created AAA server is added in the list under the **Servers in the Selected Group** section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface Name</th>
<th>Select an appropriate interface that Cisco ASA uses in order to reach the SAS RADIUS server.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server Name or IP Address</td>
<td>Enter the IP address that Cisco ASA uses in order to reach the SAS RADIUS server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Authentication Port</td>
<td>Enter the 1812.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Secret Key</td>
<td>Enter the secret key shared between Cisco ASA and the SAS RADIUS server. Refer step 5 in “Adding Cisco ASA as an Authentication Node in SAS,” on page 9.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. Click **Apply**.

### Adding an IP Address Pool

Cisco ASA can use address pools for assigning IP addresses to the remote access clients.

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click **Configuration**.
3. In the left pane, click the **Remote Access VPN** tab, and then click **Network (Client) Access > Address Assignment > Address Pools**.
4. In the right pane, click **Add**.

![Add IPv4 Pool](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

5. On the **Add IPv4 Pool** window, complete the following fields, and then click **OK**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name</strong></td>
<td>Enter the name of the address pool. The length can be up to 64 characters (for example, <code>vpnpool</code>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Starting IP Address</strong></td>
<td>Enter the first IP address available for this IP pool. The format of the IP address should be <code>0.0.0.0</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ending IP Address</strong></td>
<td>Enter the last IP address available for this IP pool. The format of the IP address should be <code>0.0.0.0</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subnet Mask</strong></td>
<td>Select the subnet on which this IP pool resides.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Add IPv4 Pool Window](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

6. Click **Apply**.
Adding a Group Policy

A group policy is a set of user-oriented attribute/value pairs for connections that are stored either internally (locally) on the device or externally on a RADIUS server. The connection profile uses a group policy that sets terms for user connections after the tunnel is established. Group policies let you apply whole sets of attributes to a user or a group of users, rather than having to specify each attribute individually for each user.

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click Configuration.
3. In the left pane, click the Remote Access VPN tab, and then click Network (Client) Access > Group Policies.
4. In the right pane, click Add.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
5. On the **Add Internal Group Policy** window, perform the following steps, and then click **OK**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Enter a name for the group policy (for example, <em>safenetpolicy</em>).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>More Options</td>
<td>Click to expand the window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunneling Protocols</td>
<td>• Clear the <em>Inherit</em> check box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Select <strong>Clientless SSL VPN</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Select <strong>SSL VPN Client</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

6. Click **Apply**.
Configuring a Connection Profile for Network (Client) Access

A connection profile consists of a set of records that determines tunnel connection policies. These records identify the servers to which the tunnel user is authenticated, as well as the accounting servers, if any, to which connection information is sent. They also identify a default group policy for the connection, and they contain protocol-specific connection parameters. Connection profiles include a small number of attributes that pertain to creating the tunnel itself. Connection profiles include a pointer to a group policy that defines user-oriented attributes.

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click **Configuration**.
3. In the left pane, click the **Remote Access VPN** tab, and then click **Network (Client) Access** > **AnyConnect Connection Profiles**.

4. In the right pane, under **Access Interfaces**, perform the following steps:
   a. Select **Enable Cisco AnyConnect VPN Client access on the interfaces selected in the table below**.
   b. In the table, for **outside** and **inside** interfaces, under the **SSL Access** column, select **Allow Access** and **Enable DTLS**.

5. In the right pane, under **Connection Profiles**, click **Add**.
6. On the **Add AnyConnect Connection Profile** window, in the left pane, click **Basic**.

![Add AnyConnect Connection Profile](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

7. Complete the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name</strong></td>
<td>Enter the name of the connection profile (for example, <code>safenetprofile</code>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aliases</strong></td>
<td>Enter the alias for the connection profile (for example, <code>safenet</code>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AAA Server Group</strong></td>
<td>Select an appropriate AAA server group (for example, <code>adgroup</code>). This will be the first authentication method associated with the connection profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Client Address Pools</strong></td>
<td>Click <strong>Select</strong>, and then assign an address pool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group Policy</strong></td>
<td><strong>Select an appropriate group policy (for example, <code>safenetpolicy</code>).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Select Enable SSL VPN client protocol.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Fill in the DNS Server detail.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8. On the **Add AnyConnect Connection Profile** window, in the left pane, click **Advanced > Secondary Authentication**.

![Add AnyConnect Connection Profile](image)

*(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

9. In the right pane, in the **Server Group** field, select an appropriate server group (for example, `radiusgroup`).

10. Click **OK**.
11. On the main window, in the right pane, perform the following steps, and then click **Apply**.
   a. Under **Access Interfaces**, select **Bypass interface access lists for inbound VPN sessions**.
   b. Under **Login Page Setting**, select **Allow user to select connection profile on the login page**.
   c. Under **Connection Profiles**, in the connection profile list, select the check box in the **SSL Enabled** column for your connection profile.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
Configuring a Connection Profile for Clientless SSL VPN Access

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click Configuration.
3. In the left pane, click the Remote Access VPN tab, and then click Clientless SSL VPN Access > Portal > Customization.

![Diagram showing Remote Access VPN configuration](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

4. In the right pane, in the Customization objects list, select DfltCustomization, and then click Assign. The DfltCustomization template will be used for the login page and the main SSL portal.

5. On the Assign GUI Customization: DfltCustomization window, ensure that a group policy (for example, safenetpolicy), or a connection profile (for example, safenetprofile), or both are selected, and then click OK.

![Assign GUI Customization: DfltCustomization window](image)

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
6. On the main window, click **Configuration**.

7. In the left pane, click **Clientless SSL VPN Access > Connection Profiles**.

8. In the right pane, under **Connection Profiles**, select a profile (for example, **safenetprofile**), and then click **Edit**.
9. On the **Edit Clientless SSL VPN Connection Profile: safenetprofile** window, in the left pane, click **Basic**.

10. Complete the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AAA Server Group</th>
<th>Select an appropriate AAA server group (for example, <code>adgroup</code>).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server Group</td>
<td>Select an appropriate server group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Policy</td>
<td>Select an appropriate group policy (for example, <code>safenetpolicy</code>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable clientless SSL</td>
<td>Select this option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPN protocol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
11. In the left pane, click **Advanced > Secondary Authentication**.

12. In the right pane, in the **Server Group** field, select an appropriate server group (for example, `radiusgroup`).

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
13. In the left pane, click **Advanced > Clientless SSL VPN**.

14. Perform the following steps:
   
a. In the right pane, in the **Login and Logout Page Customization** field, select **DfltCustomization**.

b. Under **Connection Aliases**, select an appropriate alias (for example, **safenet**), and then select the option in the **Enabled** column.

   (The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

15. Click **OK**.

16. Click **Apply**.
Configuring a Connection Profile for Clientless SSL VPN Access for GrIDsure

For GrIDsure authentication in Clientless SSL VPN, create one more template with different login page settings; that is, the Login Page will show the GET grid button.

Create a copy (DfltCustomizationgridsure) of the default customization template (DfltCustomization).

1. Open the Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM) for Cisco ASA.
2. On the main window, click Configuration.
3. In the left pane, click the Remote Access VPN tab, and then click Clientless SSL VPN Access > Portal > Customization.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

4. In the right pane, in the Customization objects list, select Dfltcustomizationgridsure, and then click Edit.

(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
5. On the **Edit Customization Object** window, perform the following steps:
   
a. In the left pane, click **Logon Page > Logon Form**.
   
b. In the right pane, under **Username and Password**, clear the **Show internal password** check box.
   
   ![Edit Customization Object window](image)
   
   *(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

   c. In the left pane, click **Logon Page > Informational Panel**.
   
d. In the right pane, select **Display informational panel**.
   
   ![Edit Customization Object window](image)
   
   *(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*
e. Copy the following GrIIdsure code, paste it into the Text window, and then click OK.

NOTE: In the GrIIdsure code, you will need to specify the gridMaker URL. For details on how to obtain the gridMaker URL, refer to “Obtaining a Grid URL” on page 44.

```javascript
//URL of the BlackShield ID Self Service page

function showGrid() {
    var obj=document.getElementById('logon_message_text');
    if(obj) {
        obj.innerHTML="Please enter your OTP";
        var uname=document.getElementById('username');
        if(uname) {
            if (uname.value == "") {
                alert("User name required");
            } else {
                obj.innerHTML += '<br><br><img border="1" src="' + gridMakerURL + uname.value + '">';
                uname.readOnly=true;
                uname.style.backgroundColor='gray'
            }
        }
    }
}

var obj=document.getElementsByName("Login");
if(obj) {
    obj[0].parentNode.innerHTML += '<INPUT type="button" name="getOTP" value="Get Grid" onclick="showGrid()">';
}
```
obj=document.getElementById("password_field");
if(obj)
{
  obj.innerHTML="Password";
}
</script>

6. On the main window, in the right pane, in the **Customization objects** list, select **Dfltcustomizationgridsure**, and then click **Assign**.

7. On the **Assign GUI Customization: Dfltcustomizationgridsure** window, ensure that a group policy (for example, **safenetpolicy**), or a connection profile (for example, **safenetprofile**), or both are selected, and then click **OK**.

   (The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

8. On the main window, click **Apply**.

9. To verify if the **Dfltcustomizationgridsure** template is assigned to the clientless SSL VPN, perform the following steps:
   a. On the main window, in the left pane, click **Clientless SSL VPN Access > Connection Profiles**.

   (The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
b. In the right pane, select your connection profile (for example, safenetprofile), and then click **Edit**.

c. On the **Edit Clientless SSL VPN Connection Profile: safenetprofile** window, in the left pane, click **Advanced > Clientless SSL VPN**.

   ![Screenshot of the Edit Clientless SSL VPN Connection Profile window](image)

   *(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

d. In the right pane, in the **Login and Logout Page Customization** field, select **Dfltcustomizationgridsure**.

e. Click **OK**.
Running the Solution

You can use the following methods to securely connect to Cisco ASA:

- Using Clientless SSL VPN, page 36
- Using Clientless SSL VPN with GrیدSure Authentication, page 37
- Using the Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client, page 39
- Using the SAS Agent for Cisco AnyConnect, page 41

Using Clientless SSL VPN

Clientless SSL VPN creates a secure, remote-access VPN tunnel to Cisco ASA using a web browser without requiring a software or hardware client. It provides secure and easy access to a broad range of web resources and both web-enabled and legacy applications from almost any device that can connect to the Internet via HTTP. They include:

- Internal websites
- Web-enabled applications
- NT/Active Directory file shares
- Email proxies, including POP3S, IMAP4S, and SMTPS
- Microsoft Web App to Exchange Server 2010 in 8.4(2) and later
- Application Access (smart tunnel or port forwarding access to other TCP-based applications)

In this solution, the SafeNet eToken PASS is used as the enrolled OTP token.

1. Open the following URL in a web browser: https://<Public IP Address of Cisco ASA>
2. On the SSL VPN Service window, complete the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GROUP</th>
<th>Select an appropriate group alias (for example, safenet).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USERNAME</td>
<td>Enter your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSWORD</td>
<td>Enter the password associated with your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2\textsuperscript{nd} Username</td>
<td>Enter your SAS user ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2\textsuperscript{nd} Password</td>
<td>Generate an OTP using SafeNet eToken PASS, and then enter it in this field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using LDAP and RADIUS Protocol for Cisco ASA

3. Click Login.

If the login credentials provided are authenticated successfully, you are logged in. You can access the service and application configured.

Using Clientless SSL VPN with GrIDsure Authentication

The SafeNet GrIDsure flexible authentication method allows an end user to generate a one-time password without the requirement for hardware tokens or software applications.

In this solution, the SafeNet GrIDsure is used as the enrolled OTP token. Note that an appropriate customization page should be selected in the configuration when using GrIDsure authentication.

1. Open the following URL in a web browser: https://<Public IP Address of Cisco ASA>
2. On the SSL VPN Service window, complete the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GROUP</th>
<th>Select an appropriate group alias (for example, safenet).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USERNAME</td>
<td>Enter your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>Enter the password associated with your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Username</td>
<td>Enter your SAS user ID.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Click **Get Grid**.

4. Using the grid, enter the PIP in the *2nd Password* field.
5. Click **Login**.

When the authentication is successful, you are logged in.

![SSL VPN Service](image)

*(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

### Using the Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client

The Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client provides remote users with secure VPN connections to the Cisco ASA using the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol and the Datagram TLS (DTLS) protocol. AnyConnect provides remote end users with the benefits of a Cisco SSL VPN client, and supports applications and functions that are unavailable to a clientless, browser-based SSL VPN connection.

In this solution, the SafeNet eToken PASS is used as the enrolled OTP token.

1. Start the Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client application from **Start > All Programs > Cisco > Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client**.
2. In the **VPN** field, enter the fully qualified domain name or IP address for Cisco ASA, and then click **Connect**.

![Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client](image)

*(The screen image above is from Cisco®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)*

3. Complete the following fields, and then click **OK**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group</strong></td>
<td>Select an appropriate group alias (for example, safenet).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Username</strong></td>
<td>Enter your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password</strong></td>
<td>Enter the password associated with your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Second Username</strong></td>
<td>Enter your SAS user ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Second Password</strong></td>
<td>Generate an OTP using SafeNet eToken PASS, and then enter it in this field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If authentication is successful, the VPN session will be established, and you will see the following message on your system.
Using the SAS Agent for Cisco AnyConnect

Organizations may wish to integrate software-based two-factor authentication tokens with the Cisco AnyConnect Client to simplify the login process for users, thus eliminating the need to copy and paste a one-time password from one application to another.

With the SAS Agent for Cisco AnyConnect, the ability to integrate software-based two-factor authentication tokens with Cisco AnyConnect becomes a reality.

In this solution, the SafeNet MP-1 token is used as the enrolled OTP token.


2. On the Connection tab, in the Connect to field, enter the fully qualified domain name or IP address for Cisco ASA, and then click Select.
3. Complete the following fields, and then click **Connect**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group</strong></td>
<td>Select an appropriate group alias (for example, safenet).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Username</strong></td>
<td>Enter your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password</strong></td>
<td>Enter the password associated with your domain user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Token</strong></td>
<td>Select an appropriate MP-1 token.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pin</strong></td>
<td>Enter the PIN for the selected MP-1 token.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** On the **Connection** tab, “Token and Pin” combination is displayed as the second authentication method, for which configuration is done in the Windows Registry after installing SafeNet Cisco AnyConnect Agent. For details, refer to “Configuring SafeNet Cisco AnyConnect Agent Registry Key” on page 45.
If authentication is successful, the VPN session will be established.
Appendix

Obtaining a Grid URL

1. Log in to the SAS console with an Operator account.

2. Click the SELF-SERVICE tab, and then click Self-service Policy.

3. Copy the Self Service Unique URL. For example:

4. Replace the ss.safenet-inc.com to grid.safenet-inc.com:

5. Append the following text in the Self Service Unique URL:
   ?getChallengeImage=true&userName=
   Now you will have the grid maker URL as follows:
Verifying the Grid URL

To test the URL from the previous section, add a test username after **userName** in the URL, and then paste it in the browser to see if you can obtain a grid.

For example, enroll a GrIDsure token to the user, alice, and then browse to this address:


If a grid is displayed, the URL is valid, otherwise, verify if the link or self-service unique URL is correct.

Configuring SafeNet Cisco AnyConnect Agent Registry Key

In the Windows Registry, you specify where the MP-1 token list will appear and what password field(s) will be used when the one-time password is submitted to the server.

On the Windows XP/Vista/7 (32 bit) machine, the **SoftTokenInclusion** key in the Windows Registry is located at:

\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\CRYPTOCard\CiscoAnyClientPlugin

(The screen image above is from Microsoft®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)

On the Windows XP/Vista/7 (64 bit) machine, the **SoftTokenInclusion** key in the Windows Registry is located at:

\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\CRYPTOCard\CiscoAnyClientPlugin

(The screen image above is from Microsoft®. Trademarks are the property of their respective owners.)
The default value of the **SoftTokenInclusion** key is: `ALL+ALL+1`;

The definition of `ALL+ALL+1` is as follows:

“Connect To “+”Group Profile “+”Field Position to display MP-1 and submit one-time password”

For example, assume that the value of the **SoftTokenInclusion** key is: `ciscoasa.safenet.com+safenet+1`;

In this example:
- This will work when connecting to `ciscoasa.safenet.com`.
- MP-1 token detection will only show up using the “safenet” group profile.
- It will display the MP-1 token detection in the first field.

Refer to the examples below if changing the MP-1 token detection to a different field.

**ALL+ALL+1**

Display MPs in the first username field, and submit the one-time password (OTP) to the first password field. This is the default setting after installing the SafeNet Cisco AnyConnect and the SAS Software tools. This option is used if the authentication is going against SAS.
**ALL+ALL+2**

Display MPs in the second username field, and submit the one-time password (OTP) to the second password field. This option is used if dual authentication is required.

**Example**: Microsoft Password [top], then SAS [Bottom]

![SafeNet VPN Client for Cisco AnyConnect](image)

**NOTE**: In this integration (using LDAP and RADIUS protocol for Cisco ASA), **ALL+ALL+2** is used.
**ALL+ALL+3**

Display MPs in the first and second username fields, and submit the one-time password (OTP) to the first and second password fields. This setting is used if there needs to be authentication against the SAS server. Typically, this setting would rarely be used.

Multiple options can be appended to the **SoftTokenInclusion** key.

**Example:**

Value of the **SoftTokenInclusion** Registry key: “ALL+Corporate+1;ALL+safenet+2;ALL+CRYPTOCard+3;”

For additional information, refer to the [SafeNet Authentication Service Cisco AnyConnect Agent Configuration Guide](http://www.safenet-inc.com/resources/integration-guide/data-protection/Safenet_Authentication_Service/SafeNet_Authentication_Service__Cisco_AnyConnect_Agent_Configuration_Guide/).
Support Contacts

If you encounter a problem while installing, registering, or operating this product, please make sure that you have read the documentation. If you cannot resolve the issue, contact your supplier or Gemalto Customer Support. Gemalto Customer Support operates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Your level of access to this service is governed by the support plan arrangements made between Gemalto and your organization. Please consult this support plan for further information about your entitlements, including the hours when telephone support is available to you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contact Method</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Address</strong></td>
<td>Gemalto, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4690 Millennium Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Belcamp, Maryland 21017 USA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phone</strong></td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-800-545-6608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1-410-931-7520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Technical Support Customer Portal</strong></td>
<td><a href="https://serviceportal.safenet-inc.com">https://serviceportal.safenet-inc.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Existing customers with a Technical Support Customer Portal account can log in to manage incidents, get the latest software upgrades, and access the Gemalto Knowledge Base.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>