The Problem
From large enterprises to start-ups and small businesses, companies of every size are generating more data than ever before. In fact, IDC recently reported the global volume of data will grow by a factor of 300—from 130 to 40,000 exabytes—between the years 2005 to 2020\(^1\). To gain valuable insights and intelligence from big data, enterprises need a powerful framework that can process and store growing volumes of data from a variety of sources, and in a variety of formats. One emerging technology that addresses this need is Apache Hadoop, an open source framework that distributes the processing of large data sets across clusters on low-cost hardware.

Organizations deploy Hadoop because of the benefits it can provide, including scalable, cost-effective storage and faster data processing. As a result of these efficiency gains, enterprises increase their reliance on Hadoop as their corporate data asset grows. Often, it’s not until well after Hadoop is deployed that a company realizes a very important element that is missing from its big data implementation – the ability to secure all of the sensitive data now distributed across DataNodes in clusters.

Hadoop stores information in clusters that it distributes across hundreds, and sometimes thousands, of DataNodes. Yet, it lacks the ability to completely secure the data-at-rest residing in those clusters. Each of these nodes represents a potential entry point for a rogue insider or malicious threat. If an unauthorized user or service assumes direct access to a node, sensitive data is in clear view. This presents a tremendous, and potentially costly, risk for organizations. Indeed, the inability to lock down and protect data is one factor that will slow the continued adoption of Hadoop – particularly among enterprises that must meet strict compliance and regulatory mandates.

The Solution
Today, insider threats are prevalent and security breaches are inevitable. Because encryption is not available in Hadoop, enterprises deploying the popular framework to store and process big data must take steps to secure high-value data now.

SafeNet ProtectFile provides transparent and seamless encryption of sensitive data stored in Hadoop clusters with minimal impact on Hadoop performance or end-user experience.  As a complete, enterprise-ready encryption solution, ProtectFile provides automation tools for fast and easy roll-out and standard deployment to multiple DataNodes in a Hadoop cluster.

No rearchitecting required
No changes to your existing big data implementation are necessary.

Centralized key management
Manage risk and maintain control of encryption keys for robust security and scalability.

Granular access controls
Define and enforce policies to guard against unauthorized and rogue access to, and possible exposure of, high value data.

Maintain compliance
Support compliance mandates, such as HIPAA and PCI DSS, in your big data implementation.

ProtectFile for Apache Hadoop Highlights

Seamless encryption of big data implementations
Provides transparent and automated encryption of sensitive data in clusters with minimal impact on Hadoop performance or end-user experience.

Rapid deployment and implementation
Utilize automation tools for fast, easy roll-out and standard deployment to multiple DataNodes in a Hadoop cluster.

No rearchitecting required
No changes to your existing big data implementation are necessary.

Centralized key management
Manage risk and maintain control of encryption keys for robust security and scalability.

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Once ProtectFile is deployed, Hadoop services continue to run as expected, while encryption and decryption of data happens transparently to Hadoop services and end users. When encryption is applied to sensitive information on DataNodes, it will always remain secure while at rest on disk. Any attempts from unauthorized users and processes to access the encrypted data – other than valid Hadoop services - will be blocked.

To manage risk and maintain control, ProtectFile works in tandem with SafeNet’s FIPS 140-2 Level 3-certified DataSecure hardware appliance for centralized key and policy management. ProtectFile stores keys separately from protected data to guard against unauthorized access to high-value information stored in Hadoop clusters. Granular access controls enable the creation and enforcement of policies to define users and Hadoop services authorized to access the encrypted data.

For enterprises with strict organizational or regulatory mandates, such as HIPAA and PCI DSS, ProtectFile makes big data implementations with Hadoop possible. Strong encryption and advanced key management, as well as comprehensive auditing and reporting capabilities, ensure organizations meet compliance requirements while protecting sensitive data in Hadoop clusters against malicious attacks.

**Sources of Big Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enterprise Data</th>
<th>Transaction Data</th>
<th>External/Third Party Data</th>
<th>Social Data</th>
<th>Mobile and Web Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spreadsheets</td>
<td>CRM</td>
<td>Government Research agencies</td>
<td>Facebook</td>
<td>Facebook</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email</td>
<td>Email</td>
<td>Other third parties</td>
<td>Twitter</td>
<td>Twitter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDF</td>
<td>Databases</td>
<td></td>
<td>Blogs</td>
<td>Blogs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Request More Information**

If your enterprise has deployed or is planning to deploy Hadoop for big data management, you need to have a plan to protect your data. Contact us today to get started with SafeNet ProtectFile for transparent and seamless encryption of your sensitive data stored in Hadoop clusters – all without disrupting performance or end-user experience.